DAI-ICHI LIFE'S LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS IN ASIA

Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited

Oct 29th 2010

DEMUTUALIZATION & LISTING ON THE TOKYO STOCK EXCHANGE (TSE)

Demutualization and Listing on the TSE in April 2010.
 Improving the infrastructure to ensure sustainable growth for 2012, the 110th anniversary of the founding of Dai-ichi Life

Company Profile

| The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited |
|--|
| Founded in 1902 as the first mutual life insurance company in Japan |
| Approx. ¥1.2 trillion (as of 31 st Jul) The third -largest insurance company in Japan |
| Approx. 1.37 million, the largest number of shareholders in Japan |
| Approx. 8.23 million (as of the end of Mar. 2009) |
| Approx. ¥30.8 trillion (as of the end of Mar 2010) The third-largest insurance company in Japan |
| |

Initiatives for 2012

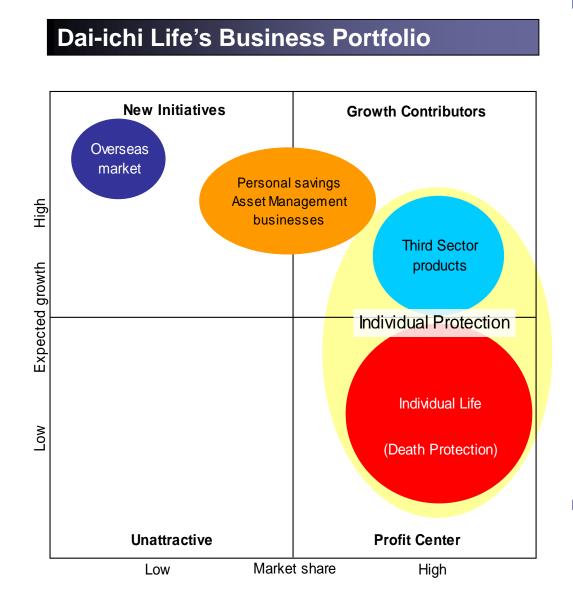
Pursuing sustainable growth

Establishing a holding company system

Enhancing the competitiveness of the core business

Strengthening initiatives for growth (international life insurance business, etc.)

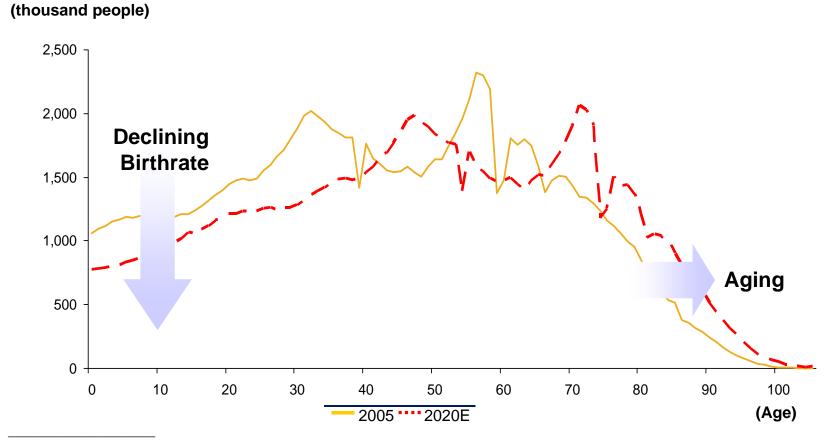
INITIATIVES FOR GROWTH



- Dai-ichi Group focuses on the following three business domains as growth markets:
 - Domestic insurance businesses:
 - Third-sector products, including medical and living benefits
 - Savings-type products for individuals
 - International life insurance business:
 - Working on Chinese market entry
 - Asset management business
- Pursuing external growth, including M&A to supplement organic growth

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE JAPANESE LIFE INSURANCE MARKET

Demographics



Source: National Institute of Population and Social Security Research, December 2006

GLOBAL DATA FROM INSURANCE GROWTH PERSPECTIVE

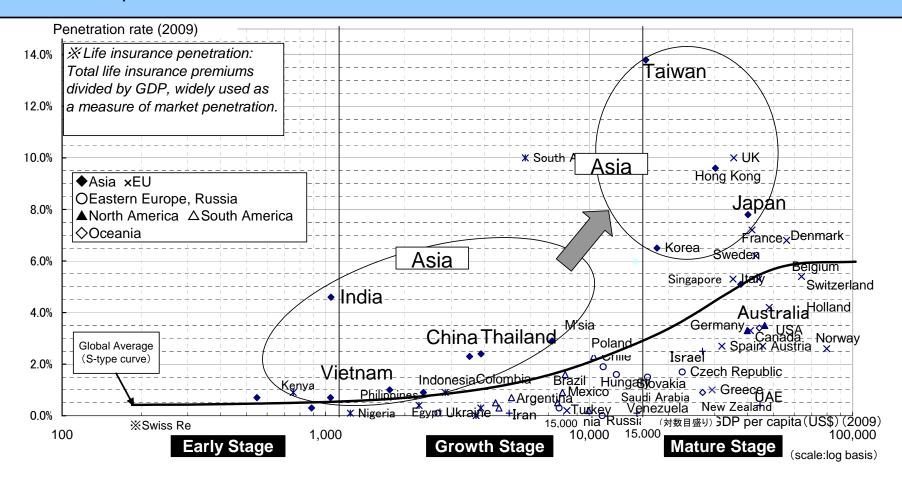
- The Asian region outside Japan is an attractive market.
 - •The regional population accounts for almost half global population and is rising.
 - •GDP has grown by an average of 8% annually over the past 5 years.
 - •Life insurance premiums have increased at an average annual rate of 15% over the past 5 years.

| | | Asia exce | ept Japan | Euro | ре | East Europe | e & Russia | North A | merica | South A | merica | Jap | an |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|-------|-------------|------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------|
| | | | Share | | Share | | Share | | Share | | Share | | Share |
| Population | 2008 | 3,447 | 51% | 544 | 8% | 235 | 3% | 337 | 5% | 506 | 8% | 127 | 2% |
| (million) | 2025 (estimation) | 4,066 | 51% | 565 | 7% | 219 | 3% | 389 | 5% | 603 | 8% | 118 | 1% |
| | VS 2008 | 1.18 |) | 1.04 | | 0.94 | | 1.15 |) | 1.19 |) | 0.93 | |
| GDP | 2008 | 8,840 | 15% | 19,089 | 32% | 2,925 | 5% | 15,767 | 26% | 4,010 | 7% | 4,845 | 8% |
| (billion dollars) | 5 year average growth rate | +8.1% |) | +2.2% | | +6.2% | | +2.4% | | +4.8% | | +1.5% | |
| Total Premium (Life) | 2008 | 316 | 13% | 1,022 | 41% | 23 | 1% | 626 | 25% | 40 | 2% | 367 | 15% |
| (billion dollars) | 5 year average growth rate | 15.4% |) | 6.4% | (| 10.5% |) | 4.1% | | 15.0% |) | -2.1% | |

Reference : Swiss Re, Population Reference Bureau

ECONOMIC GROWTH & LIFE INSURANCE PENETRATION

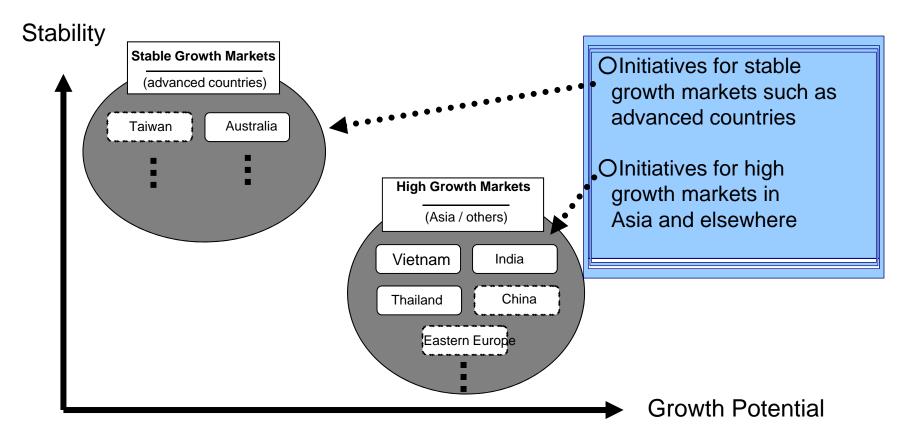
Life insurance penetration rate (calculated by dividing life insurance premiums by GDP) tends to increase while per-capita GDP is in the range of \$1,000 to \$15,000.
In Asia, the penetration rate is relatively higher than other regions of the same level of income.
Asia indicates a capacity for high penetration of life insurance products and it is anticipated to hold more potential as a life insurance market.



BASIC STRATEGY FOR INTERNATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE

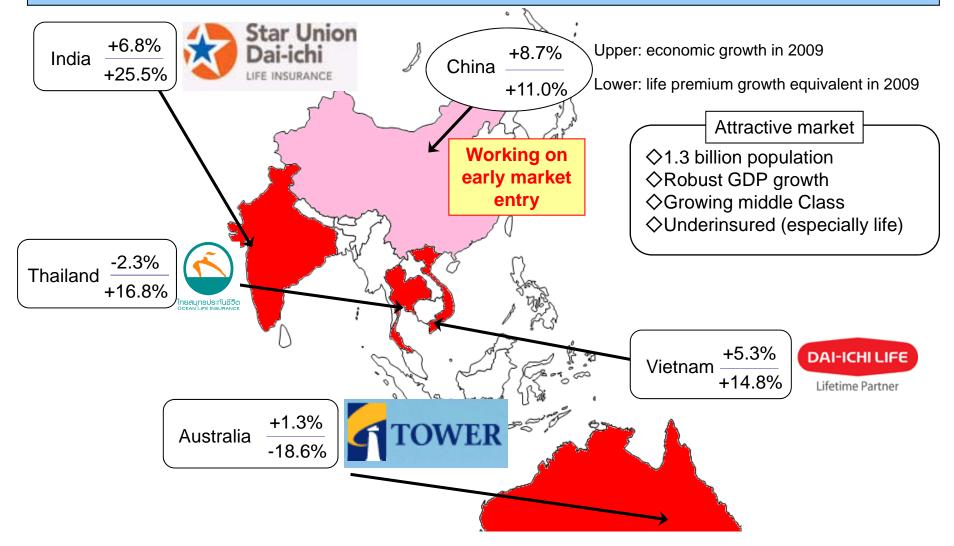
- Develop strategies for the medium to long terms to diversify business regions and work with insurers at various stages of development.
 - -Focus on the Asian sector, among others, where high growth is anticipated.
 - -Focus on companies expected to achieve stable rather than high growth.

Our thinking on target regions



OVERSEAS BUSINESSES

Add value to existing markets with our established expertise in developing products and sales channels for death protection



PROMOTING BUSINESS COLLABORATION: VIETNAM



| Achievement | Action Items |
|--|--|
| ■January 07 acquisition of Bao Ming CMG | 2010: Take the following major steps as "Key Initiatives" |
| First Japanese life company | Pursue Growth, Sustainability, and Efficiency |
| in Vietnam | Improve sales capability (strengthen individual agent efficiency, train leaders, etc.) |
| ■Wholly owned | -Diversify products. |
| ■6.3% market share in | Improve operating costs. |
| FY2009 | -Enhance the customer service system. |
| | Promote ALM and secure stable investment profits. |
| | -Reinforce the internal control system. |
| | |

PROMOTING BUSINESS COLLABORATION: INDIA



Achievement

■Dec 07 JV agreement signed (26% stake)

Feb 09 Commenced operation (bancassurance)

First Japanese life company in India

First-year premium income ranked 14th out of 23

Action Items

2010: Priority Action Areas

- Initiatives to stabilize the business infrastructure
 - Enhance the sales promotion and sales support system. (Train wholesalers and expand branch offices.)
 - -Improve operational indexes.
 - Increase the operating ratio at bank branches.

PROMOTING BUSINESS COLLABORATION: THAILAND



Achievement

■July 06 Group reinsurance agreement

■July 08 Strategic alliance signed

■24% stake

Action Item

Promote the 2010 Business Collaborative Plan.

Expand the business volume

- Deeply cultivate the middle-high income market segment in the Bangkok area.
- -Enhance the sales capabilities of traditional agent channels.
- Improve management efficiency.
 - -Refine profit management.
- Upgrade the risk management system
- Boost sales to Japanese affiliates in Thailand.

<Other>

■Upgrading of the internal control system

PROMOTING BUSINESS COLLABORATION: AUSTRALIA



| Action Item |
|--|
| 2010: Priority Action Area |
| Execute the Business Collaborative Plan to benefit from the alliance through cooperation. |
| —Engage in capital management. |
| -Study and take on reinsurance. |
| -Exchange personnel. |
| Study new business collaborative plans to benefit from the alliance through cooperation. |
| Boost sales to Japanese affiliates in Australia. |
| |

OUR CONTRIBUTION TO DEVELOPING THE INSURANCE INDUSTRY IN ASIA: FALIA

To develop the life insurance industry in various countries, especially for Asian countries, Dai-ichi Life has been holding special seminars in both Japan and other countries featuring experts in the life insurance business.

Many graduates from FALIA are contributing to the growth of the insurance business in their own countries.

<Overview of FALIA>

- ●1962 : Launch of a training program for people working in the life insurance industry in Asia
- 1970 : The Foundation for the Advancement of Life Insurance in Asia (FALIA) launched Later renamed "The Foundation for the Advancement of Life & Insurance Around the world"

<Principal Activities>

Insurance seminars in Japan

Invited 3,244 participants from 27 countries or regions*

* The number of countries and participants is the accumulated total from 1962 to 09 / 2010.

Overseas insurance seminars

Held in 13 countries, with 4,649 people participating.*

* The number of countries is the accumulated total from 1962 to 09 / 2010 while the number of participants is the total sum from 1986 to 09 / 2010.

| Country | South Korea | Taiwan | Indonesia | Thailand | China | Philippines | Sri Lanka | Malaysia | Others ※ | Total |
|----------------------------|----------------|--------|-----------|----------|-------|-------------|-----------|----------|-------------|-------|
| Before 2007 FY | 712 | 567 | 338 | 277 | 247 | 182 | 133 | 150 | 343 | 2,949 |
| 2008 FY | 13 | 20 | 10 | 24 | 5 | 4 | 17 | 5 | 21 | 119 |
| 2009 FY | 12 | 14 | 9 | 17 | 3 | 3 | 10 | 4 | 25 | 97 |
| 2010 FY as of September | 11 | 9 | 6 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 16 | 3 | 17 | 79 |
| Total Participants | 748 | 610 | 363 | 330 | 258 | 191 | 176 | 162 | 406 | 3,244 |

**Others: India, Vietnam, Bangladesh, Singapore, Hong Kong, Mongolia, Turkey, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Kazakhstan, Bahrain, Czech Republic, Bulgaria, Russia, Poland, Hungary, Venezuela, Colombia, USA

THE SOCIAL SIGNIFICANCE OF LIFE INSURANCE

"Personal Life Planning": Savings? Investment?

Need to Reduce the Danger from a Variety of Risks

Four risks jeopardizing the "value of a human life"

(Dr. S. Huebner)

(1) Death

(2) Long-term disability

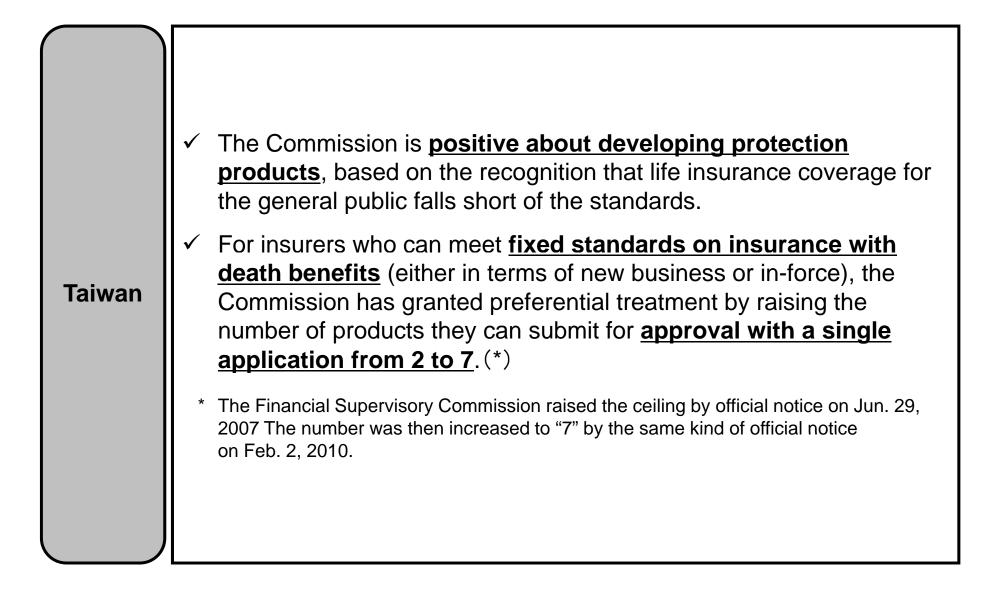
(3) Illness and accidents

(4) Long life

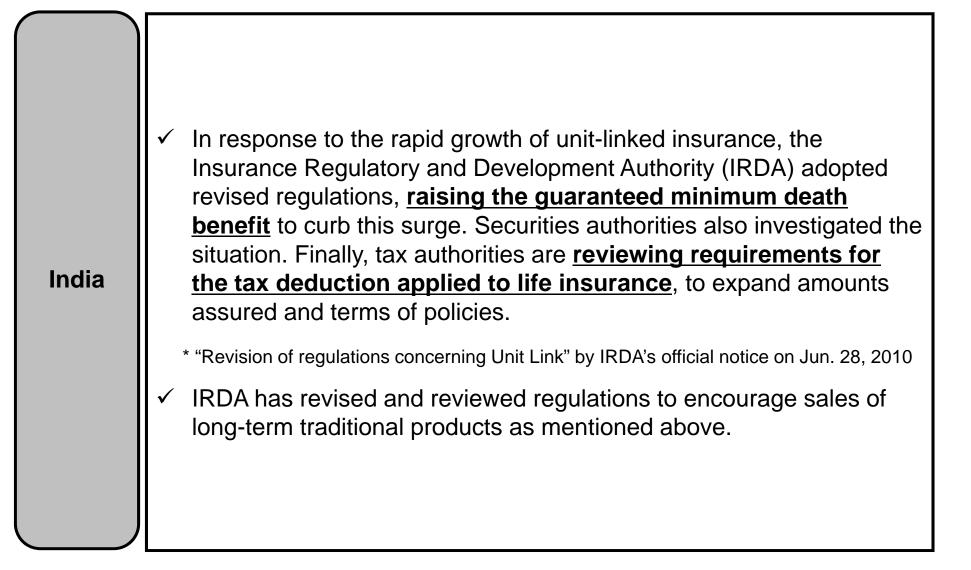
People cannot build up financial assets sufficient to cover any eventuality (except for the very rich...)

Value of the mutual aid mechanism of life insurance

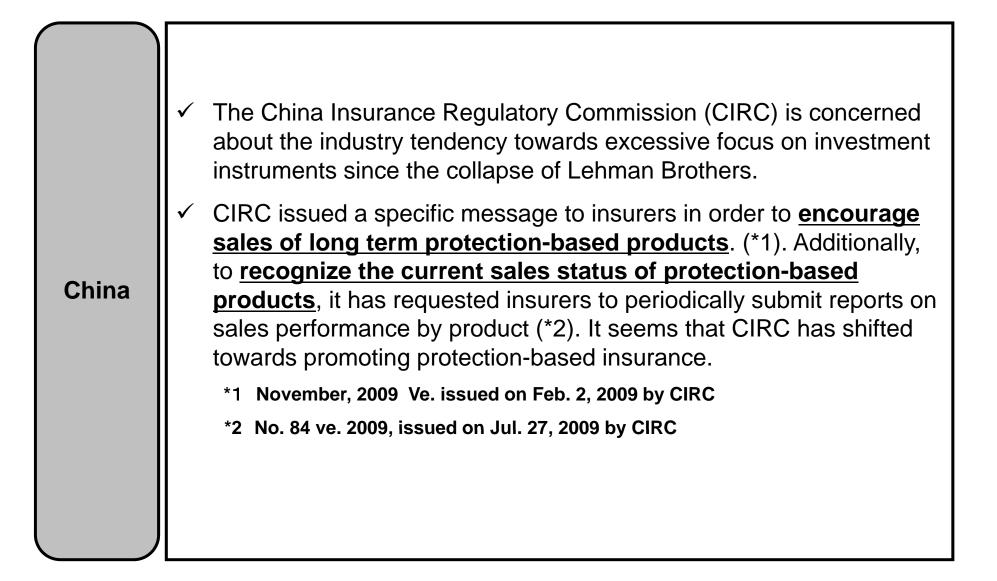
GOVERNMENT STANCES ON PENETRATION OF PROTECTION PRODUCTS IN ASIA



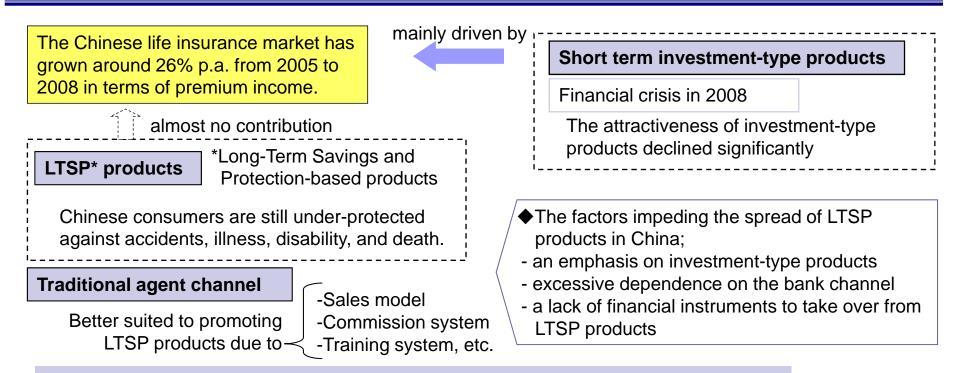
GOVERNMENT STANCES ON PENETRATION OF PROTECTION PRODUCTS IN ASIA



GOVERNMENT STANCES ON PENETRATION OF PROTECTION PRODUCTS IN ASIA



THE NEED FOR PROTECTION-BASED PRODUCT PENETRATION IN CHINA



It is necessary to secure the trust of customers through the existing agent channel.

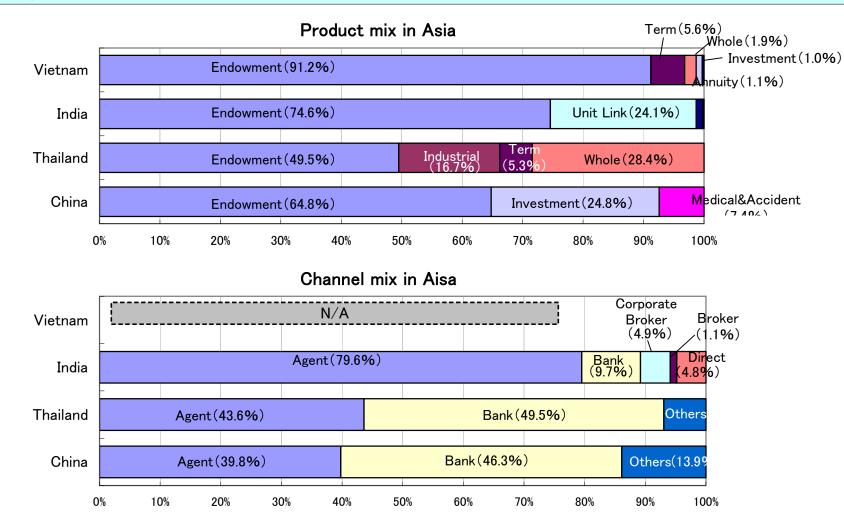
Numerous efforts are needed under the initiative of the government to promote LTSP product sales

- grant tax incentives
- educate people about the need for insurance
- relax regulations for insurers with a greater weighting of LTSP sales
- encourage an improvement in the quality of the sales rep. channel
- create an environment conducive to protection-based products

Reference :"Promoting the Long-Term Savings and Protection Functions of the Life Insurance Industry" by McKinsey Financial Institutions Group in Sep. 2009

THE ASIAN LIFE INSURANCE MARKET TODAY

Savings-type products such as endowment, etc. are currently the main product in Asian markets.
The individual agent channel occupies a large part of the channel, while bancassurance is just as large in Thailand and China.

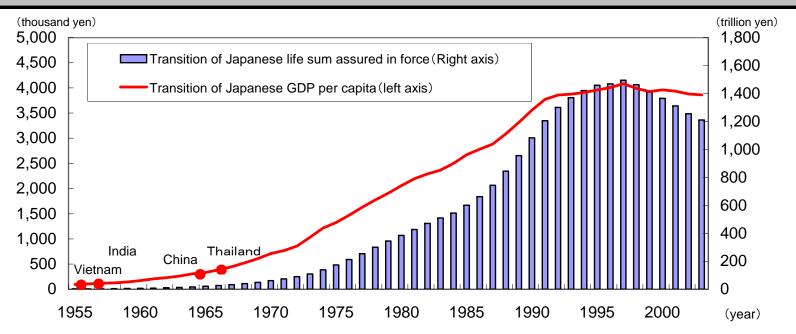


ECONOMIC GROWTH AND MARKET DEVELOPMENT IN JAPAN

Per-capita GDP and business in force

Business in force has increased with growth in per-capita GDP in Japan.

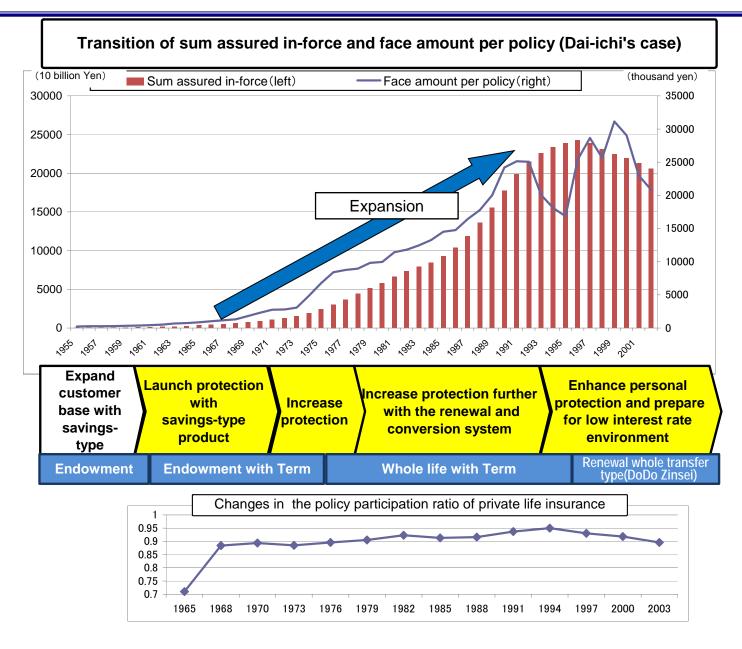
Further market expansion is expected with the continued economic development of Asian countries.



**Plotting 2008 per-capita GDP for each country on the line showing Japanese nominal GDP per capita. Exchange is calculated as 1US\$ = 100 JPY **Reference:UN Common Data Base, EIU, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, Economist Intelligence



HISTORY OF DAI-ICHI LIFE'S BUSINESS INITIATIVES



PROTECTION-BASED PRODUCT AND DISTRIBUTION CHANNELS

■Indication 1 ■ The need for an agent channel to sell protection-based products

- In the United States, protection-based products have some market share and are mainly sold by the agent channel
- In Europe, the lack of agent channels is one reason why the savings-type product is the leading product type
- It takes time and money to create an agent channel that responds to customer needs

■Plan 1 Give priority to time-consuming channel construction.

■Indication 2 ■ The need for cultivation from the supply side

- In the United States, there is a protection-based product market of a certain size.
- In Europe, the protection-based product market is limited because of the negative attitude of insurers to selling it.
- Japan achieved a continuous increase in sum assured during the period of economic growth by developing and launching products in step with the social environment.

Plan 2 Practice timely action by understanding each country's development phase.

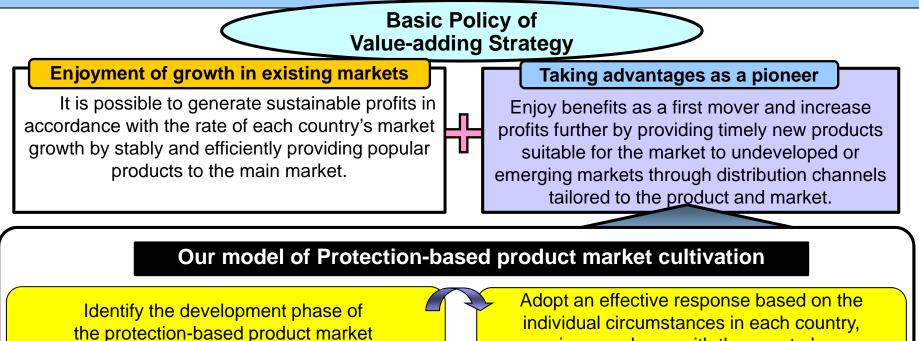
■Indication 3 ■ The need to benefit both from loading and commissions

- In Europe, the opportunity to launch protection-based product is falling due to low profitability from severe competition.
- In addition, from a sales aspect there is also a negative incentive to sell it because of low commissions.
- In Japan, we have expanded protection-based products because of the useful loading system, commission strategy, and sales management index, such as the sum assured.

Plan 3 Ensure profit and provide sales incentives by controlling channel and product development simultaneously.

STRATEGY FOR EXISTING MARKET AND CULTIVATION OF UNDEVELOPED MARKETS

- Growth in existing markets in each country and first-mover advantages by cultivating undeveloped markets are the two wheels of our value-adding strategy.
- The development of the protection-based product market is an area in which we can show the greatest strength.
- However, the rate of economic development or progress of development phases are varied. We need to avoid consuming resources by institutional action, and we need to gradually cultivate each market with good timing.



based on qualitative and quantitative aspects

dividual circumstances in each countr in accordance with the country's development phase

BUSINESS EXPANSION BY DEVELOPMENT PHASE

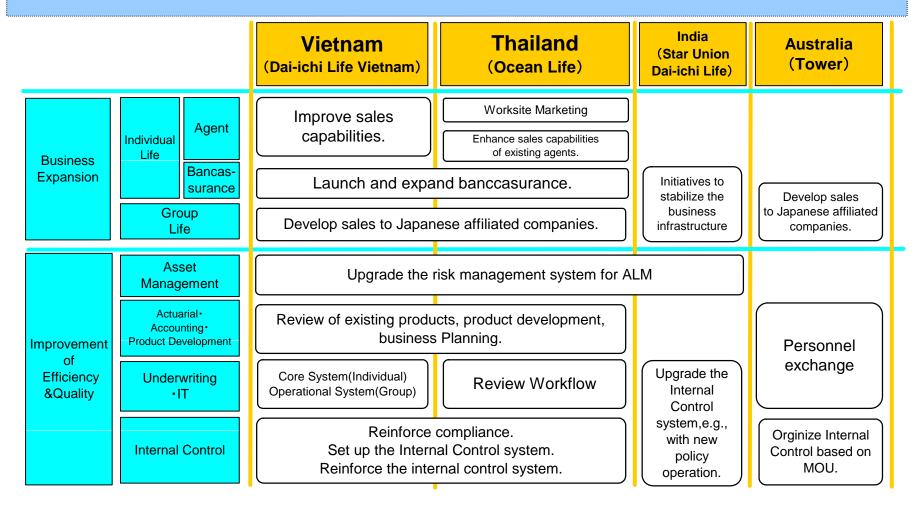
We periodically study the development phase of the protection-based product market, and take the appropriate action in a timely way based on our understanding.
 In particular, we launch timely protection-based products and sales management system. We establish an agent channel taking into account the authority, regulations, competitive environment, culture, and other factors.

| Basic | Product | Expanding the customer base by promoting sales of existing main products (savings-products) | Gradually promoting sales of savings along with protection-based products. | Launching protection- based products |
|------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| : Strategy | Distribution/ Management | • • • | Implementing sales man sales of protection-l d productivity) and establishi rge of protection-based prod | ng agent channels that |

Making decisions by comprehensively considering each country's case

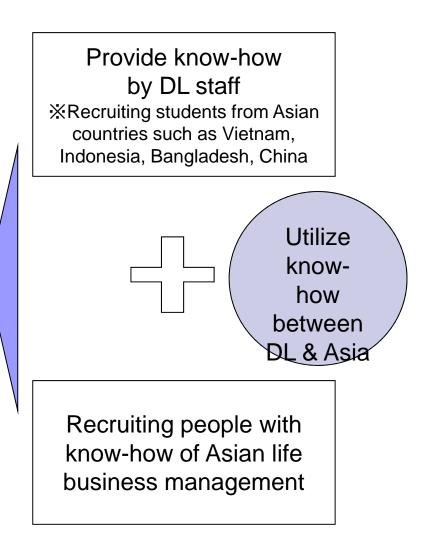
VALUE-ADDING STRATEGY

Provide know-how to enhance value and offer wide-ranging support.
 Utilize and accumulate know-how by strengthening communications with those in charge of functions and countries.



HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT TO SUPPORT VALUE-ADDING

| Field | Example Job Description |
|--|--|
| Management | Planning and executing strategies Providing general management |
| Individual Life | Taking initiatives for the protective-type product market Supporting product development Supporting sales promotion planning Providing expertise in agent guidelines and management |
| Group Life | Undertaking group life with Japanese affiliated companies Providing reinsurance |
| Asset Management, Risk Management, ALM | Supporting ALM |
| Actuary | Providing pricing for product development (reviewing profit margins) Supplementing local actuary staff |
| Legal, Compliance, | Providing parent company's internal control know-how Helping to reinforce the internal control function Executing internal control based on global guidelines |
| IT•Underwriting | Supporting the establishment of systems infrastructure Providing underwriting know-how Supporting the establishment of an underwriting structure |



HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT TO SUPPORT VALUE-ADDING (CONT'D)

